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Solving Equations with Fractions

Example:
$$\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

1) Find the least common multiple of the denominators. You can do this with a list of multiples.

The multiples of 4 are: 4×1 , 4×2 , 4×3 ,... = 4.8,12,...

The multiples of 2 are: 2×1 , 2×2 , 2×3 ,.. = 2,4,6,...

The two lists above share a 4. This is the least common multiple.

2) Setup the multiplication by the 4: $4\left(\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{2}\right) = 4\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$

3) Distribute the 4 into the parenthesis:
$$\frac{4\times1}{4}x + \frac{4\times1}{2} = \frac{4\times5}{2}$$

4) Multiply in the numerators: $\frac{4}{4}x + \frac{4}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$

5) Perform the divisions: 1x+2=10

6) Subtract 2 from both sides: 1x+2-2=10-2

7) Actually carry out the subtraction: 1x=8

8) Rewrite the 1x as just x: x=8

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Example:
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1) Find the least common multiple of the denominators. You can do this with a list of multiples.

The multiples of 4 are: 4×1 , 4×2 , 4×3 ,... = 4.8,12,...

The multiples of 2 are: 2×1 , 2×2 , 2×3 , 2×4 , 2×5 , 2×6 , ... = $2,4,6,8,10,\frac{12}{2}$, ...

The multiples of 3 are: 3×1 , 3×2 , 3×3 , 3×4 ,...=3,6,9,12,...

The two lists above share a 12. This is the least common multiple.

2) Setup the multiplication by the 12:

$$12\left(\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{3}\right) = 12\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$$

3) Distribute the 12 into the parenthesis:

$$\frac{12 \times 1}{4}$$
x+ $\frac{12 \times 1}{3}$ = $\frac{12 \times 5}{2}$

4) Multiply in the numerators:

$$\frac{12}{4}x + \frac{12}{3} = \frac{60}{2}$$

5) Perform the divisions:

$$3x+4=30$$

6) Setup the subtraction of 4 from both sides:

$$3x+4-4=30-4$$

7) Actually carry out the subtraction:

$$3x = 26$$

8) Setup the division by 3 on both sides:

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{26}{3}$$

9) Write the final result:

$$x = \frac{26}{3}$$

10) To write this as a mixed number, divide as shown below.

$$\frac{8}{3)26}$$

$$x = 8\frac{2}{3}$$